

that natural any more."

You won't hear about possible harmful effects of plant substances from the natural companies, she notes. For example, if you searched published studies on soy products (soya) linked to breast cancer, you would get quite a number of studies showing a fairly significant high relationship between the two. Yet no one in the natural industry mentions anything about that.

Dr. Demirjian says that organic products may have more of an environmental benefit than an usage benefit, but that doesnt mean theyre not good.

BOTTOM LINE: Just because a company claims its products are organic or natural doesn't mean they are safer or more effective than conventional cosmetics.

Can my child use the same sunblock lotion as I do?

Montreal dermatologist Dr. Ari Demirjian says there is 'branding' going on in the marketplace with regard to child-specific sunblocks.

"Kids can use the same products after age six months. Infants should not be exposed to sun at all. All chemicals found in sunscreens are approved by Health Canada for use in both adults and kids. All children need to be covered up as much as possible with hats and clothing, with lotion applied only to exposed skin. Some pediatric dermatologists prefer physical sunblocks on kids aged six months to two years. Those products contain zinc oxide or titantium dioxide."

BOTTOM LINE: Look for products with broad spectrum protection from UVA and UVB rays for both you and your two-years-plus child. That means it will contain Parsol 1789 (also known as avobenzone) or mexoryl. If the childrens product is for extra-sensitive skin, you might want to use it yourself. **PC**



Learning | Balancing | Relating | Indulging | Eating | Shopping | Talking | Well-being | Developing Home | About Us | Advertising | Intern Opportunities | Contact Us | Site Map

Copyright © 2007 Milestone Net Media.



ParentsCanada Group is Canada's leading publisher of parenting magazines. Click here to learn more.